2014

ECONOMICS

Major)

Paper: 5.4 to Holmon (V

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours and to the

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- **1.** Answer the following as directed: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) What, according to Ricardo, was the basis for international trade?
 - (b) State 'True' or 'False':

 Ohlin introduced the element of 'space' to the factor endowment analysis to extend it to the general equilibrium analysis.
 - (c) Choose the correct answer:

 In Heckscher-Ohlin model, factor abundance is defined in terms of which of the following?
 - (i) Physical quantities of factors
 - (ii) Factor prices
 - (iii) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (iv) None of the above

- (d) Define offer curve.
- (e) What will be the likely effect of a technical progress which is biased towards country's import-competing goods sector on its terms of trade?
- (f) Mention one particular situation which can be termed as a favourable development in terms of trade of a country.
- (g) What is the effect of imposition of a tariff on a nation's offer curve?

2. Answer the following:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) What is gain from trade?
- (b) Distinguish between ad valorem duty and specific duty.
- (c) What is Leontief paradox?
- (d) What does a reversal in factor intensities imply?

3. Answer any three of the following: $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Elaborate the concept of 'comparative cost advantage' with a suitable numerical example.
- (b) Define utility terms of trade using usual notations. What does it signify?

- (c) Distinguish between the two concepts of 'factor endowment' and 'factor intensity' as propounded by Heckscher and Ohlin.
- (d) What role does elasticity of offer curve play in determining the optimum tariff of a country?
- (e) Compare and contrast the two protective measures of tariff and quota.
- **4.** Answer any *three* of the following: 10×3=30
 - (a) Elucidate the statement—"Factor endowments theory supplements the comparative cost theory and does not supplant it".
 - (b) Discuss the role of international trade as an engine of economic growth.
 - (c) Distinguish between single-factor intensity reversal and multiple-factor intensity reversal using suitable diagrams.
 - (d) How are changes in a country's terms of trade measured? What are the difficulties encountered here?

- (e) Explain the effects of import quotas in the framework of partial equilibrium analysis.
- (f) What is trade policy? What are the different arguments put forward in favour of protection?
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