## 2015

## **ECONOMICS**

(Major)

Paper: 5.3

## ( Introduction to Environmental Economics )

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions:  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - (a) Define environmental economics.
  - (b) What do you mean by rivalry?
  - (c) Is environment a pure public good?
  - (d) What is free-rider problem?
  - (e) What is the most significant greenhouse gas in quantitative terms?
  - (f) "Pollution is a negative externality." Write whether the statement is true or false.
  - (g) Give one example of environmental problems of global concern.

- **2.** Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
  - (a) Explain the term 'negative externality'.
  - (b) What is tradable permit?
  - (c) Mention the scope of environmental economics.
  - (d) Give any two effects of environmental degradation.
- **3.** Answer any *three* of the following questions: 5×3=15

(a) Distinguish between public goods and private goods.

- (b) Discuss environmental Kuznets' curve.
- (c) "Pollution tax is an efficient means of pollution control." Do you agree? Give reasons.
- (d) What is transboundary pollution? Explain.
- (e) What do you mean by ozone layer depletion? Explain.

4.	Answer any three of the following questions	
		10×3=30

- (a) Explain the interlinkages between the economy and the environment.
- (b) What is tragedy of commons? Explain the concept with suitable example.

  3+7=10
- (c) What is market failure in the context of environmental goods? How can the problem of market failure be resolved?

  3+7=10
- (d) Explain the different tools for pollution control. Discuss their relative merits and demerits. 6+4=10
- (e) Explain climate change as a global environmental issue. What are the main causes of climate change? 5+5=10
- (f) Explain the case of positive externality.

  How can it be internalized? 5+5=10

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