2015

MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNICIAN

Paper : S- 1.3

(Clinical Pathology)

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

What do corround by decelerification? Name of

1.	Fill i	n the blanks with appropriate word:	1×5=5
	(a)	The ideal thinkness a tissue section is	(2)
	(b)	is another term used for PCV	r(th)
	(c)	EDTA can be used asHistopathology laboratory.	_agent in
	(d)	Normal reference range for Platelet is	s
V16/	100		Turn Over)

- (e) Paraffin block without tissue is called _____
- 2. Answer any five of the following questions: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) How will you prepare a thin blood smear for DLC?
 - (b) What is reticulocyte? Which type of stain is used to stain reticulocyte?
 - (c) Name any four dehydrating agent used in histopathology laboratory?
 - (d) What do you mean by decalcification? Name at least two decalcitying agents used in histopathology laboratory?
 - (e) What is blood? Write the components of blood?
 - (f) Draw a microtome knife and label?
 - (g) What do you mean by blood transfusion? Mention different types of cross matching performed before blood transfusion?

- 3. Answer any three of the following questions: $5 \times 3 = 15$
 - (a) Write the principle, procedure, clinical significance and normal range of haemoglobin estimation?
 - Write the principle of tissue processing? Explain (b) the details about tissue processing along with the chemicals involved?
 - Name some preservative of urine? Describe in (c) details about physical examination of urine?
 - (d) Explain the principle, procedure and result for Total Leucocyte Count (TLC) in details?
 - (e) Write about sputum examination.
- 4. Answer any one of the following questions: $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - Define hemostasis? Name the clotting factors and (a) explain the mechanism of clotting in details.
 - 1+4+5=10
 - (b) Define fixation? Which is routinely used fixative? Write about mode of action of fixative? Classify fixative along with examples? 2+1+2+5=10

(c) Which is routinely used stain in histopathology laboratory? Write the principle, procedure and result of haematoxylon and Eosin stain in details?

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